

# Lithium ion battery air freight restrictions

Can lithium ion batteries be shipped as cargo?

in accordance with Special Provision A201, lithium ion cells or batteries that meet the specified quantity limits may be shipped as cargo on a passenger aircraft under an approval issued by the authority of the State of Origin, State of Destination and State of the Operator.

Are lithium batteries allowed in air transport?

Here's a fully updated overview of the current air transport regulations for all types of lithium batteries and devices. All standalone lithium batteries are prohibited as cargo on passenger aircraft.

What are the shipping requirements for lithium ion batteries?

In addition, lithium-ion cells and batteries shipped by themselves must be shipped at a state of charge not exceeding 30% of their rated capacity. Lithium batteries are dangerous goods, and all of the regulatory requirements must be complied with, as set out in the Lithium Battery Shipping Regulations.

Should I take the lithium batteries by air course?

For companies that only ship lithium batteries, or products packaged with or containing lithium batteries, it is more appropriate to take the Shipping Lithium Batteries by Air course to get a comprehensive look at how to ship lithium batteries and how to properly meet the requirements set out in the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

Does IATA offer a shipping lithium batteries by air course?

For proper training on dangerous goods including the Shipping Lithium Batteries by Air course, IATA offers a wide variety of safety courses to ensure you are competent in dealing with dangerous goods. This is required for all who participate in the shipping and handling of dangerous goods.

Are lithium-ion batteries a risk to aviation?

There is provision for exceptional updates where an unacceptable risk to aviation has been identified. Due to the high energy density of lithium batteries, usage of lithium-ion batteries is expected to increase elevenfold between 2020 and 2030.

Shipping Restrictions: Lithium batteries ... (LFP) battery is a type of lithium-ion battery that is capable of charging and discharging at high speeds ... it is important to properly classify any lithium battery that you may be shipping by air freight. Lithium batteries are generally classified as Class 9 Dangerous Goods under the United ...

Shipping by air Lithium ion, metal and alloy cells or batteries UN3091 - PI969 UN3091 - PI970 UN3481 - PI966 ... Lithium battery mark labels are not required for packages that contain no more than four cells or two batteries contained in devices. ... some restrictions may apply (Packing Group II and Packing Group III only)

Bulk Dangerous ...

Spare battery or in device Watt-hour (Wh) rating Carry-on Checked In device <100Wh. Yes. Yes. Spare <100Wh. Yes. Permitted only with air carrier approval. In device. 100-160 Wh. Yes. Permitted only with air carrier approval. Spare. 100-160 Wh. Maximum of 2 individually protected spares per person with air carrier approval. Permitted only with ...

More information about the Smart Baggage with Integrated Lithium Batteries and/or Electronics (pdf). Small lithium battery-powered vehicles. IATA issued a notice on the classification of small lithium battery-powered vehicles when shipped as cargo and the provisions that apply, specifically the wording of Special Provision A214.

containing both lithium ion cells and lithium metal cells must be shipped as UN 3090 or UN 3091, as appropriate. Note 1 - A small "hybrid" battery may not contain more than 1.5 g of lithium metal contained within all

Labeling. All Li-ion shipment must include the CAUTION labels as shown in Figure 3a to indicate the presence of lithium batteries. Since lithium batteries are only allowed in cargo aircraft, also attach the "Cargo Aircraft Only" label illustrated in Figure 3b. Batteries shipped Class 9 in Section IA and IB must include the Class 9 label as per Figure 3c.

The IMDG Code (International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code), which governs maritime transport, adopts these classifications from the Orange Book and applies them to the ocean transport of dangerous goods, including lithium batteries. UN3480: Lithium-ion batteries; UN3481: Lithium-ion batteries packed with equipment or contained in equipment

Couriers & Freight provide International and Australia wide Courier Quote & Services including Air Freight, Interstate Freight, International Shipping, Road Freight and much more. ... there are restrictions you need to be aware of when moving these batteries from point A to B. ... (spare) battery : 9: UN3481: Lithium ion batteries contained in ...

All the necessary documentation, such as a lithium battery shipping declaration or a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) must also be included. ... When you're shipping lithium-ion batteries by air, it's essential to follow specific regulations regarding their state of charge (SoC). The SoC, which reflects the battery's charge level compared to ...

Expertise in shipping lithium batteries by air -- we are the first and only logistics provider to be awarded the CEIV Lithium Battery certification by IATA . Seven air stations certified by IATA - Amsterdam, Hong Kong, Frankfurt, Incheon, Shanghai (PVG), Singapore and Tokyo - with more on the way by the end of 2022 CEIV certification available on all our air freight services -- Air ...

# Lithium ion battery air freight restrictions

Air freight restrictions - is your battery standalone? Yes: Standalone lithium-ion batteries (i.e., batteries without their equipment) are classed as UN3480 under the United Nations (UN) agency classification. ... The vast majority of lithium-ion batteries are covered under 3 classification titles covered by 2 UN codes:

"Lithium ion batteries, in compliance with Section II of PI966"on AWB. NOTE: On the first of the year (2023) ICAO will not permit 965 section II lithium ion batteries. DHL, FedEx and UPS are not accepting these now.

But because of the type and weight of the batteries and the significant restrictions shipping by air, ocean freight is the dominant mode for shipping lithium-ion batteries internationally, including EV batteries. ... Identification of cargo type (e.g., lithium ion batteries) Class 9 lithium battery label; UN DG identification number; Shipper or ...

Powering the safe transportation of lithium batteries by air. Regulations put together with all the manufacturers, retailers, wholesalers, freight forwarders, and others information needed in the supply chain ... The expansion of lithium battery regulations to cover new battery types, including sodium ion batteries, marking a significant shift ...

"Lithium ion batteries, in compliance with Section II of PI967"on AWB. A telephone number is no longer required on the lithium battery mark. Lithium battery marks with a phone number may continue to be applied until December 31, 2026. NOTE: the requirement to apply lithium battery mark does not apply to: -- packages containing only button cell

On top of that, you could also end up paying regulatory fines or losing shipping privileges if battery shipping regulations are violated. Due to such risks, lithium batteries are classified as Class 9 dangerous goods, while other types of batteries can fall into other classes of dangerous goods. This means they are subject to regulations on packaging, labelling, quantity ...

UN 3480 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES UN 3481 Lithium Battery Mark Lithium Battery Mark (Not needed if no more than 2 batteries installed & no more than 2 packaged shipped) CARGO ONLY UN 3480 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES, battery weight (e.g. net qty xx kg) Shipper's / Consignee's address LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, UN 3481

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance for complying with provisions applicable to the transport by air of lithium batteries as set out in the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. Copyright 169; SKYbrary Aviation Safety, 2021-2024. All rights reserved.

ICAO has issued "additional clarifications" on new lithium-ion battery shipment restrictions as cargo on passenger aircraft, which the UN aviation agency announced last week. The 36-state ICAO Governing Council adopted a new aviation safety measure which prohibits, on an interim basis from April 2016, all shipments of Lithium-ion batteries as cargo on passenger aircraft.

In accordance with Special Provision A201, lithium metal cells or batteries that meet the specified quantity limits may be shipped on a passenger aircraft under an approval issued by the ...

Officially, yes: Lithium-ion batteries are governed under the United Nations regulations UN3480 and UN3481 as Class 9 "miscellaneous dangerous goods." Two dangers stand out: First, improperly packaged lithium-ion batteries can lead to short circuits if they come into contact with each other or with other conductive surfaces. Second, thermal runaway can occur if improperly ...

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Get your copy of IATA's latest edition of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and IATA Lithium Battery Shipping Regulations today. Here's what to know in regard to lithium ...

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