

Meteorites and the early solar system

Why do scientists study meteorites?

Meteorite - Solar System, Formation, Rocks: As mentioned above, scientists study meteorites for insights into the events that took place surrounding the birth and early evolution of the solar system. They know from astronomical observations that all stars form by gravitational collapse of dense regions in interstellar molecular clouds.

What did primitive meteorites tell us about the early Solar System?

The composition, chemistry, and mineralogy of primitive meteorites collectively provide evidence for a wide variety of chemical and physical processes. This book synthesizes our current understanding of the early solar system, summarizing information about processes that occurred before its formation.

How do meteorites relate to evolutionary history?

We relate meteorites, and components separated from them, to stages of solar system evolutionary history, from condensation of primordial solids through aggregation, alteration, differentiation, and brecciation. We also consider the presolar history of grains from interstellar and circumstellar environments.

Are meteorites a pristine record of early Solar System processes?

Meteorites are frequently not the pristine record of early solar system processes that we would like them to be.

What is meteorites & the early Solar System II?

Two hundred years later, *Meteorites and the Early Solar System II* provides a bicentennial benchmark for the field with the goal of serving as the foundation for ongoing advancement. Our... Dante S. Laurotta and Harry Y. McSween <suffix>Jr.</suffix>

What are the ages of meteorite components in the Solar System?

Nevertheless, in early Solar System chronology, ages are generally given as the time elapsed since formation of 'normal' CAIs dated at $4,567.2 \pm 0.2$ Myr. The Al-Mg system provides very precise relative isochron ages for meteorite components such as CAIs 54, 55 and chondrules 5, 36, 38.

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NASA "fist bumps" an asteroid to reveal Solar System's secrets. Meteorites are like cosmic time capsules. ... formed them gives insights into how planets came together in the early Solar ...

Grains of dust that pre-date the Sun provide insights into their formation around other stars and into the early

evolution of the Solar System 1,2,3,4.Nanodiamonds recovered from meteorites, which ...

Meteorites are fragments from solar system bodies, dominantly asteroids. A small fraction is derived from the Moon and from Mars. These rocks tell a rich history of the early solar system and range from solids little changed since the earliest ...

The Allende Meteorite: Time Capsule of the Early Solar System The Allende meteorite, which fell over the Mexican state of Chihuahua in February 1969, is one of the most scientifically significant meteorites ever discovered. Upon entering Earth's atmosphere, the meteorite exploded, scattering thousands of fragments across a wide area.

The present work discusses topics in the source regions for meteorites, their secondary processing, irradiation effects on meteorites, solar system chronology, the early solar system, the chemistry of chondrites and the early solar system, magnetic fields in the early solar system, the nature of chondrules, micrometeorites, inhomogeneity of the nebula, the survival of presolar ...

Volatiles are vital ingredients for a habitable planet. Angrite meteorites sample the most volatile-depleted planetesimal in the Solar System, particularly for the alkali elements. They are prime ...

By studying meteorites we can learn more about our solar system's history. This includes learning the age and composition of different planetary building blocks, the temperatures achieved at the surfaces and interiors of asteroids, and the degree to which materials were shocked by ...

The Winchcombe meteorite, therefore, offers a near-pristine window into the geological history of primitive asteroids and the chemical and dynamic evolution of volatiles in ...

Nevertheless, given the antiquity of meteorites, scientists have developed a remarkably accurate picture of the timing of events in the early solar system. The oldest objects in meteorites, with ages of approximately 4,567,000,000 years, are refractory inclusions. With a few exceptions, those are also the objects with the highest abundances of ...

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The early solar system was chemically heterogeneous on both temporal and spatial scales, which is exemplified when comparing the icy outer and rocky inner solar system that preserve major, and minor elemental and isotopic differences (Morbidelli et al., 2000, Morbidelli et al., 2012; Robert et al., 2000).However, the compositional heterogeneity not only spans the ...

They range in size from microscopic particles to masses of many tons. The geologic diversity of asteroids and other rocky bodies of the solar system are displayed in the enormous variety of textures and mineralogies

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observed in meteorites. The composition, chemistry, and mineralogy of primitive meteorites collectively provide evidence for a wide variety of chemical and physical ...

Our Solar System formed about 4.6 billion years ago, and within 4 million years small planetary bodies had formed, some melting to form volcanic and related rocks. Two families of meteorites (the ...

Iron meteorites are from the metallic cores of the earliest asteroids, older than any other rocks or celestial objects in our solar system. The iron contains molybdenum isotopes that point toward ...

The isotopic composition of ancient meteorites indicates that short-lived, now extinct radioisotopes existed in the early solar system. Recent measurements on meteorites provide evidence that several of these short-lived isotopes came from a stellar source shortly before our solar system formed. It is thus likely that a stellar event triggered the formation of ...

The present high find rate likely represents a unique short-term event, asking for a careful management of this scarce scientific resource. Meteorites are fragments from solar system bodies, dominantly asteroids. A small fraction is derived from the Moon and from Mars. These rocks tell a rich history of the early solar system and range from solids little changed since the ...

The early solar system comprised at least two isotopically distinct reservoirs separated by a barrier proposed to reflect the orbits of the proto-gas giants and/or location of snow lines (1, 2). Small bodies that accreted late in the outer regions of the solar system and avoided high temperatures and melting are crucial for understanding the initial composition of ...

The formation of planets in our solar system encompassed various stages of accretion of planetesimals that formed in the protoplanetary disk within the first few million years at different ...

Chondrite classification, primordial matter composition and early solar system chemical processes, discussing cosmic gas condensation and refractory element fractionation ... {Meteorites and the Early Solar System}, author={Edward Anders}, journal={Annual Review of Astronomy and Astrophysics}, year={1971}, volume={9}, pages={1-34}, url={https ...

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First published in November 1988, this work provided a coherent narrative about the known understandings of meteorites and the early solar system. From the original publication: Although the Earth was formed, together with the other planets, at the birth of the solar system, geological activity has since erased all but a hint of the processes ...



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