

Can MXene-based materials be used in energy storage devices?

In this review, we summarize the recent research progress of MXene-based materials applied in ESS, mainly focusing on the preparation strategies, theoretical calculation, as well as electrochemical performance analysis. Moreover, the key challenges and opportunities for MXene-based materials in energy storage devices are also highlighted. 1.

Are MXene electrodes a good choice for energy storage devices?

MXene materials are strong contenders for electrode applications in a variety of energy storage devices due to their exceptional mix of high conductivity, large surface area, variable surface chemistry, and scalability.

Why is MXene used in energy storage devices?

This conductivity enhancement facilitates efficient charge transport within the electrode, leading to improved performance in energy storage devices [102, 103]. The high surface area of MXene allows for a higher quantity of active sites available for charging/discharging, resulting in enhanced energy storage capacity.

Are MXene materials the future of energy storage?

MXene materials offer a wealth of attributes that address critical challenges in energy storage, and their ongoing exploration holds promise for revolutionizing the field and enabling the development of more efficient, durable, and safer energy storage devices.

What is MXene-based energy storage?

MXene has been explored in multiple disciplines, and currently, the mainstream discussion in the field of MXene-based energy storage still revolves around a single electrochemical energy storage device. Here, we envision the next generation of MXene-based energy storage devices, which will adopt the interdisciplinary design of joint devices.

What are the common configurations of MXene in current energy storage devices?

In Figure 1b, we summarized the common configurations of MXene in current energy storage devices. In conventional energy storage devices, on both sides of the electrode material, MXene can be directly used as the cathode or anode, or serve as substrate or host for the cathode and anode respectively.

In this review, we summarize the recent research progress of MXene-based materials applied in ESS, mainly focusing on the preparation strategies, theoretical calculation, ...

MXene, 2D material, can be synthesized as single flake with 1 nm thickness by using phase change material, polymer and graphene oxide. Meanwhile, the MXene and its composite derivative materials have been applied widely in electro-to-thermal conversion, photo-to-thermal conversion, thermal energy storage, and 3D printing ink aspects.

MXenes are widely used as electrode material in energy storage applications, ... The wet-chemical method was used to produce SnO<sub>2</sub>@MXene nanocomposite at 120 °C for 4 h at oil bath. After ...

Dramatic innovations in surface and bulk chemistry enable MXenes to flourish in electrochemical applications. This Review analyses the recorded footprints of MXene components for energy storage ...

3D printable energy storage devices from MXene aqueous inks. [113] Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>T<sub>x</sub> and r-GO: Flexible MSCs free from binder and current collector with MXene serving as cathode and r-GO as anode. [114] Flexible triboelectric nanogenerators (TENGs) Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>T<sub>x</sub> and glass: TENGs which can generate electric power from basic muscle movements such as ...

Batteries and supercapacitors have attracted a great interest as sustainable, reliable, and highly efficient energy storage devices that play a pivotal role in meeting the future energy demands arising from the fast-growing world population and increasing market value for modern electronic devices [1], [2], [3], [4]. New electrode materials are getting explored ...

Solar thermal energy storage (TES) is an outstanding innovation that can help solar technology remain relevant during nighttime and cloudy days. TES using phase change material (PCM) is an avant-garde solution for a clean and renewable energy transition. The present study unveils the unique potential of MXene as a performance enhancer in lauric acid ...

The tailored porosity and curved geometry of 2D MXene flakes can produce high surface area and tuned pore size and volume, which can potentially increase the energy ...

As a powerful candidate for energy storage materials, improving the antioxidant properties of MXene and optimizing its synthesis method to enhance its energy storage performance has become a research hotspot. Thanks to its adjustable interlayer distance, large specific surface area, abundant active sites, and diverse surface functional groups, MXene has always been ...

Hybrid capacitors, which frequently refer to capacitors with electrodes made of various materials, feature both energy storage techniques [6]. MXene materials are strong contenders for electrode applications in a variety of energy storage devices due to their exceptional mix of high conductivity, large surface area, variable surface chemistry ...

MXene, a two-dimensional (2D) material composed of transition metal carbides (TMCs) and nitrides, have fascinated substantial scientific interest. This increased interest results from their exceptional properties, which include extraordinary conductivity, transparency, outstanding absorbing capacity, and significant charge storage capacities. In this work, the ...

2.3 Direct synthesis of MXene In 2023, Wang et al. reported a method for directly synthesizing MXene using

reactions between metals and metal halides with graphite, methane, or nitrogen. 39 Their synthetic route bypasses the step of the MAX phase compound, offering scalability and excellent atom economy. Excitingly, this direct synthesis route can also produce ...

3 &#0183; The precursor materials of COF@MXene include COF and MXene, which are typically obtained through both top-down and bottom-up methods [32, 46, 109, 121, 150]. The preparation methods of COF and MXene nanosheet monomer materials have been well developed, and numerous earlier reviews have thoroughly outlined and deliberated on the their preparation ...

In this method, the encapsulated material with a porous structure may be prepared firstly by the freezing-drying method or template method to form a framework material. ... PCMs composited with MXene enable energy storage through a photothermal-driven phase transition conversion process [149, 150].

These methods play a significant role in understanding the properties and energy storage mechanisms of novel MXene and its hybrid materials. In MXenes with  $M_4X_3$  composition and thicker layers, the M atoms in the inner layers are generally considered to be electrochemically inactive, in contrast to the M atoms in the outer layers.

This pioneering methodology expanded the usage of MXene hybrid materials in ZIBs--particularly as anodes. The findings of this study offered a viable strategy for developing advanced, highly ...

As energy storage materials, they all have more excellent comprehensive performance than the pure MXene. For the synthesis of MXene heterojunction, this section mainly summarized three simple and commonly used methods. ... (ALD) methods to synthesize MXene heterostructures [82], [83], [84]. Thanks to the sheet shape of MXene, the resulting ...

Abstract The development of two-dimensional (2D) high-performance electrode materials is the key to new advances in the fields of energy storage and conversion. As a novel family of 2D layered materials, MXenes possess distinct structural, electronic and chemical properties that enable vast application potential in many fields, including batteries, supercapacitor and ...

CVD can be used to directly synthesize ultrathin MXene material, which is a relatively new method for fabricating MXene-based materials. For example, ... MXenes, promising energy storage materials, have been mainly investigated in ...

These advantages of MXenes suggest their great promises in transparent conductive coatings, transparent energy storage devices, and photothermal conversion, compared to other 2D materials such as graphene. 58, 108, 131, 132 For example, spin coating of MXene aqueous solution resulted in highly conductive MXene-based transparent films, showing ...

To date, various MXene-based materials, such as PEG filled MXene aerogel [116], PU/MXene composite

[117], phosphorus-modified stearyl alcohol/MXene [118], have been fabricated for obtaining high-performance PCMs, indicating the high promise of MXene materials for phase change thermal energy storage and utilization. Nevertheless, much endeavor ...

Unsustainable fossil fuel energy usage and its environmental impacts are the most significant scientific challenges in the scientific community. Two-dimensional (2D) materials have received a lot of attention recently because of their great potential for application in addressing some of society's most enduring issues with renewable energy. Transition metal ...

These benefits of MXene make them, compared to other 2D materials such as graphene, a promising material for transparent conductive coatings, energy storage, and photothermal conversion systems [49], [91], [116]. For instance, the spin coating of the MXenes dispersion leads to extremely conductive transparent films, which showed brilliant ...

The synthesis mechanism and morphology are shown in Fig. 7 a, which provides a good reference for the subsequent synthesis of MXene materials by the molten salt method. Thus, Li et al. proposed the preparation of all Cl terminated MXene materials using a Lewis acid molten salt replacement strategy [80, 81].

MXene materials are strong contenders for electrode applications in a variety of energy storage devices due to their exceptional mix of high conductivity, large surface area, ...

MXene exhibits good conductivity and electrochemical performance and has received widespread attention as energy storage material in recent years . After selective etching of the MAX phase, MXene materials have a multi-layered structure with each layer reaching the nanometer scale, determining its relatively large specific surface area [ 27 ].

The usage of solar energy is escalating nowadays for the solution of our environmental issues as storage of energy and harvesting of solar thermal energy is done during past few decades [1].The enormous studies have been done in the past to fulfil the energy demands for efficient working system [2, 3].This energy can be stored and utilized using ...

The research for three-dimension (3D) printing carbon and carbide energy storage devices has attracted widespread exploration interests. Being designable in structure and materials, graphene oxide (GO) and MXene accompanied with a direct ink writing exhibit a promising prospect for constructing high areal and volume energy density devices. This review ...

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